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PREZIDENTIMIZNING YOSHLARGA QARATAYOTGAN YUKSAK E'TIBORLARI DUNYO NIGOHIDA

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Abstract: This article examines the essence and significance of the state youth policy implemented in Uzbekistan, as well as the large-scale reforms aimed at providing comprehensive support to the younger generation and their recognition by the international community. Particular attention is paid to the outcomes of initiatives focused on improving the quality of education, ensuring youth employment, encouraging entrepreneurial and innovative activities, and enhancing social engagement among young people. The article also highlights the role of the opportunities created for youth in promoting social progress and shaping the future development of the country.

Key words: youth policy, state support, educational reforms, youth employment, entrepreneurship, innovative development.

Introduction

Today, youth issues have become one of the key priorities of state policy in New Uzbekistan. Under the leadership of President Shavkat Mirziyoyev, broad opportunities are being created for young people to receive quality education, acquire professional skills, and fully realize their talents and potential. The reforms implemented in this sphere are highly appreciated not only within the country but also by the international community. In recent years, special attention has been paid to safeguarding the rights and freedoms of young people through the nation's fundamental law. The renewed Constitution guarantees the state's responsibility to provide conditions for quality education, decent employment, social protection, access to healthcare services, and housing support for youth. Furthermore, the adoption of numerous legal and regulatory documents concerning youth affairs, along with the improvement of legislation in line with international standards, demonstrates the consistent progress being made in this field.

The ongoing reforms in the education system are contributing significantly to the intellectual development of the younger generation. The expansion of Presidential Schools, specialized schools, and creative schools, as well as the increase in the number of higher education institutions and student enrollment rates, have created new opportunities for young people. In particular, the strong emphasis on learning foreign languages and mastering information technologies has enabled many young men and women to achieve remarkable success in international competitions, academic Olympiads, and prestigious contests, thereby enhancing the reputation of Uzbekistan on the global stage.

Method

This study was conducted using a systematic approach and employed such research methods as scientific observation, document analysis, logical reasoning, and comparative analysis. In examining the topic, particular attention was paid to the legal foundations of the state youth policy, as well as the content of regulatory and legal documents and practical programs adopted in this field. Furthermore, initiatives aimed at ensuring the interests of young people, improving their access to education, increasing employment opportunities, and enhancing social engagement were analyzed, and their effectiveness was evaluated from a scientific perspective. During the research process, information obtained from official sources,

scholarly articles, and publicly available materials was compared, analyzed, and synthesized. Based on the findings, conclusions were drawn regarding the essence of the reforms implemented to support youth in Uzbekistan and their significance at the international level.

Results

The initiatives put forward by President Shavkat Mirziyoyev play a significant role in improving and modernizing youth policy in New Uzbekistan in accordance with contemporary requirements. In particular, the large-scale reforms being implemented in the education sector are expanding educational opportunities for young people and strengthening their confidence in the state and its institutions. Today, a number of favorable conditions have been created for applicants and students. These include the simplification of procedures for transferring from foreign higher educational institutions to domestic universities, improvements in the testing system, and the opportunity to apply to several higher education institutions simultaneously. Such measures are aimed at protecting the interests of young people and ensuring broader access to quality education. The importance of education and enlightenment for national development was also emphasized by the Jadid reformers. In particular, Mahmudhoja Behbudi viewed knowledge and education as the foundation of social progress and encouraged young people to acquire modern scientific and professional skills. He believed that educating talented youth abroad and preparing highly qualified specialists would contribute greatly to the prosperity and future development of the nation. Today, many of these ideas are being successfully implemented in practice. For example, preferential educational loans have been introduced for families with two or more children studying at higher education institutions on a tuition-contract basis. In addition, special support mechanisms have been established to assist talented young people who wish to study at prestigious foreign universities, including the coverage of expenses related to international admission examinations for those who achieve outstanding results. Supporting young researchers has also become one of the priorities of state policy. Significant financial resources have been allocated to the “Young Scientists” Innovation Competition, creating new opportunities for gifted youth to engage in scientific research and innovative activities. Furthermore, the number of Presidential Scholarships for master’s and doctoral students has been increased, providing additional incentives for academic excellence. Another important step is the introduction of Presidential and State Scholarships for students enrolled in foreign higher education institutions operating in Uzbekistan. This initiative is expected to further encourage young people to pursue academic achievement and professional development. These opportunities and benefits contribute to the formation of a highly educated, morally mature, competitive, and patriotic generation capable of making a meaningful contribution to the country’s future development.

Discussion

Young people represent the greatest intellectual and social potential of any society. Therefore, in New Uzbekistan, supporting the younger generation, protecting their interests, and creating favorable conditions for them to realize their abilities have become among the top priorities of state policy. The large-scale reforms implemented in recent years have significantly strengthened the role and status of youth in society. The ongoing efforts to modernize the education system, provide young people with contemporary professional skills, ensure their employment, and encourage their participation in innovative activities are yielding positive results. As a consequence, young people’s interest in science and education has increased, and their achievements in international competitions and academic contests have become more prominent. This demonstrates the effectiveness of the country’s efforts to develop human capital. It should also be emphasized that the improvement of the youth

support system has made it possible to identify and address young people's concerns more effectively. Government-sponsored grants, scholarships, preferential loans, and other support mechanisms play an important role in encouraging initiative, creativity, and active participation among young people.

An analysis of these developments shows that the attention given to youth is aimed not only at meeting current needs but also at ensuring the country's long-term development. Therefore, reforms focused on unlocking the potential of young people serve as one of the key factors in strengthening the sustainable development of New Uzbekistan and enhancing its reputation in the international arena.

Conclusion

The findings of this study indicate that the state youth policy in Uzbekistan is being consistently improved, leading to the formation of an effective system aimed at ensuring the interests and well-being of the younger generation. The opportunities created for young people to receive education, acquire professional skills, engage in scientific research, and develop entrepreneurial initiatives provide a solid foundation for their future success. As a result of the comprehensive reforms being implemented in the country, the social activity of young people has increased, and their participation in public life has become more significant. In particular, programs designed to support talented and proactive youth play an important role in helping them realize their intellectual potential and achieve their goals. Today, the conditions and opportunities being provided for young people can be regarded as a long-term investment in the future development of Uzbekistan. Therefore, giving priority to youth issues, protecting their rights and interests, and expanding access to modern knowledge and skills will remain among the key factors contributing to the country's sustainable growth and prosperity.

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